

**U.S. HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT  
HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS  
DUE FRIDAY, MAY 29, 2009**

**I. Civil Rights Chapter Review – Part I**

**Instructions** - Complete the following exercises on a separate loose-leaf answer sheet. Label and number your answers, but you do not need to copy the questions. Make sure that you give correct answers and that you complete the Part II exercises too (on the back of this page).

| Glossary   |   | CHAPTER 29 Civil Rights   |
|--|---|---|
| <b>aggressive</b> Inclined to move in a hostile or angry manner        | <b>discrimination</b> The act of regarding someone as different due to various features, including race | <b>moderate</b> Mild, calm, reasonable                            |
| <b>boycott</b> A protest against something by refusal to buy or use it | <b>eliminate</b> To get rid of; remove  | <b>oppression</b> The state of being kept down, or treated poorly |
| <b>confrontation</b> To face with hostility and anger                  | <b>integrate</b> To unify; to open to all races   | <b>status</b> The legal condition of a person                     |

**AFTER YOU READ**

**Terms and Names**

**A. Write the letter of the term that best answers the question.**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p><b>a. Fannie Lou Hamer</b></p> <p><b>b. Plessy v. Ferguson</b></p> <p><b>c. Stokely Carmichael</b></p> <p><b>d. Malcolm X</b></p> <p><b>e. Civil Rights Act of 1968</b></p> <p><b>f. Brown v. Board of Education</b></p> | <p>_____ <b>1.</b> What Supreme Court case declared segregation in schools unconstitutional?</p> <p>_____ <b>2.</b> Who urged African Americans to fight back when attacked?</p> <p>_____ <b>3.</b> Who spoke for the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party in the 1964 Democratic convention?</p> <p>_____ <b>4.</b> Who introduced the idea of Black Power?</p> <p>_____ <b>5.</b> What was the legislation that banned discrimination in housing?</p> |
|---|---|

**B. If the statement is true, write "true" on the line. If it is false, change the underlined words to make it true.**

- \_\_\_\_\_ **1.** The NAACP lawyer who argued the *Brown v. Board of Education* case in front of the Supreme Court was Thurgood Marshall.
- \_\_\_\_\_ **2.** In 1957, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., was one of the founders of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee.
- \_\_\_\_\_ **3.** In September 1962, James Meredith was the first African American to attend the University of Mississippi.
- \_\_\_\_\_ **4.** Segregation that exists by practice and custom, not by law, is de jure segregation.
- \_\_\_\_\_ **5.** The Black Panthers was a political party formed to fight against police brutality in the ghetto.

## II. Civil Rights Chapter Review – Part II

**Instructions** - Complete the following exercises on a separate loose-leaf answer sheet. Label and number your answers, but you do not need to copy the questions.

### **AFTER YOU READ** (continued)

### **CHAPTER 29** Civil Rights

#### **Main Ideas**

**1. How did the Montgomery Bus Boycott begin?**

---

---

**2. Describe Martin Luther King, Jr.'s "soul force."**

---

---

**3. What were the different objectives of the freedom rides and Freedom Summer?**

---

---

**4. What did Malcolm X preach?**

---

---

**5. What challenges continued to face the nation in the area of civil rights?**

---

---

#### **Thinking Critically**

**Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper.**

**1** A civil rights activist once said, "You can kill a man, but you can't kill an idea." How did the civil rights movement prove this?

**2** What civil rights achievement do you consider most important? Explain your answer.